- (c) Tribal land means land or any interest therein held by the United States in trust for a tribe, band, community, group or pueblo of Indians, and land that is held by a tribe, band, community, group or pueblo of Indians subject to Federal restrictions against alienation or encumbrance, and includes such land reserved for Indian Bureau administrative purposes when it is not immediately needed for such purposes. The term also includes lands held by the United States in trust for an Indian corporation chartered under section 17 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 984; 25 U.S.C. 476). This term also includes assignments of tribal land. Unless the terms of the assignment provide for the leasing of the land by the holder of the assignment, the tribe must join with the assignee in the grant of a lease.
- (d) Government land means land, other than tribal land, acquired or reserved by the United States for Indian Bureau administrative purposes which are not immediately needed for the purposes for which they were acquired or reserved and land transferred to or placed under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Indian Affairs.
- (e) *Permit* means a privilege revocable at will in the discretion of the Secretary and not assignable, to enter on and use a specified tract of land for a specified purpose. The terms "lease", "lessor", and "lessee", when used in this part include, when applicable, "permit", "permitter", and "permittee", respectively.

## $\S 162.2$ Grants of leases by Secretary.

- (a) The Secretary may grant leases on individually owned land on behalf of:
- (1) Persons who are non compos mentis;
  - (2) Orphaned minors;
- (3) The undetermined heirs of a decedent's estate:
- (4) The heirs or devisees to individually owned land who have not been able to agree upon a lease during the three-month period immediately following the date on which a lease may be entered into; provided, that the land is not in use by any of the heirs or devisees; and

- (5) Indians who have given the Secretary written authority to execute leases on their behalf.
- (b) The Secretary may grant leases on the individually owned land of an adult Indian whose whereabouts is unknown, on such terms as are necessary to protect and preserve such property.
- (c) The Secretary may grant permits on Government land.

## § 162.3 Grants of leases by owners or their representatives.

The following may grant leases:

- (a) Adults, other than those non compos mentis,
- (b) Adults other than those non compos mentis, on behalf of their minor children, and on behalf of minor children to whom they stand in loco parentis when such children do not have a legal representative,
- (c) The guardian, conservator or other fiduciary, appointed by a state court or by a tribal court operating under an approved constitution or law and order code, of a minor or persons who are non compos mentis or are otherwise under legal disability,
- (d) Tribes or tribal corporations acting through their appropriate officials.

## § 162.4 Use of land of minors.

The natural or legal guardian, or other person standing in loco parentis of minor children who have the care and custody of such children may use the individually owned land of such children during the period of minority without charge for the use of the land if such use will enable such person to engage in a business or other enterprise which will be beneficial to such minor children.

## §162.5 Special requirements and provisions.

- (a) All leases made pursuant to the regulations in this part shall be in the form approved by the Secretary and subject to his written approval.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this part no lease shall be approved or granted at less than the present fair annual rental.
- (1) An adult Indian owner of trust or restricted land may lease his land for religious, educational, recreational or